



L1900.CL

#### **Important Notes**

Aluminium clamp body with steel clamping face.

Order No.	For rail size	$d_1$	h <sub>1</sub>	h <sub>2</sub>	h <sub>3</sub>	h <sub>4</sub>	h <sub>5</sub>	$I_1$	l <sub>2</sub>	$W_1$	w <sub>2</sub>	w <sub>3</sub>	$W_4$	Holding force N	Torque to Nm
L1918.CL18	18	M5	15	3.2	3	-	6	43	-	35	-	-	-	150	0.5
L1928.CL28	28	M5	24	17	5	64	6	24	15	68	33.5	38.5	41.5	1200	7
L1943.CL43	43	M8	37	28.5	8	78	12	39	22	105	41.5	46.5	50.5	2000	15
L1963.CL63	63	M8	50.5	35	9.5	80	12	44	26	138	41.5	54.5	59.5	2000	15



### **Compact Rails**

Introduction

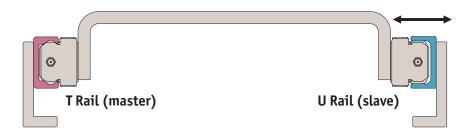


The compact rail systems are unique. They have many major advantages over other rail systems.

#### Easy and cost-effective to set up

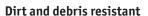
The rails are easy to set up and can adjust for some misalignment of the structure on which it is being used. The compact rail system achieves this by using a master (T type) rail, and a slave (U type) rail. This allows the sliders in the T rail to remain fixed in place but allows lateral movement of the sliders in the U rail to adapt to any misalignment and avoid any issues of stiction.

Slave (U) rails have flat, parallel raceways that allow free lateral movement of the sliders. This flexibility can mean a large saving in the machining of the structure surface making it a very cost-effective solution.



#### Fast, smooth and quiet

The unique eccentric roller allows easy preload adjustment for smooth running. Very high speeds allowed, very quiet operation.



The internal raceways are resistant to dirt and debris, larger roller bearings with seals and wipers are used (compared to small ball bearings on other systems).

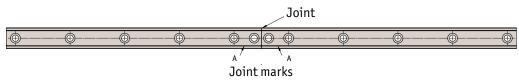
#### **Unlimited rail lengths**

Rails can be easily joined together for unlimited rail lengths, and extra hole needs to be machined at the joint area. The rails need to be selected so they are "matched" and a joining tool needs to be used to align the rails.

**Anti-corrosion option** 

resistant solution.

Alloy coating or nickel plating of the rails and sliders can be applied to provide a corrosion





### **Compact Rails**

### Specifications and applications

## Compact Rail

#### **Specifications**

- Maximum speed 9 m/s.
- Maximum acceleration 20 m/s<sup>2</sup>.
- Maximum unjoined rail length 3600 mm.
- 4 rail sizes 18, 28, 35 and 43.
- Three rail types T rail, U rail and K rail.
- Rail lengths from 160mm upwards.
- Rail raceways hardened and ground.
- Accuracy 0,15mm over 3,5 metres.
- Maximum radial load per slider is 15,000 N.

- Temperature range -30°C to +120°C.
- Roller bearings seals either 2Z (dust proof) or 2RS (splash proof), lubricated for life.
- Roller bearings from 100Cr6.
- Easy adjustment of preload.
- Three slider body types.
- Rails can be joined together, please contact our Technical Department for details.
- Special anti-corrosion coatings and finishes on request.

#### **Applications**



# Special purpose & packaging machines

Precision positioning systems handling units robotic systems • cutting machines



#### Seating

Sliding seats disability ramps seat extensions



#### Safety guarding

Extending protective systems sliding gates automatic pick & place



#### Sliding doors & windows

Internal sliding doors gates • roof lights display cases



#### **Photography & lighting**

Sliding tracks positioning of lights shielding systems



#### Medical technology

X-ray equipment dental chairs bed extensions



#### Food, drink & pharmaceuticals

Food handling conveyors pharmaceutical factories stainless display equipment



#### Transport (naval)

Sliding hatches pull-out storage



#### Transport (rail)

Seat adjustment sliding doors battery removal units



#### Transport (automotive)

Ambulance sliding systems fire fighting vehicles sliding panels



#### Transport (military)

Sliding seats protective hatches stretcher extensions



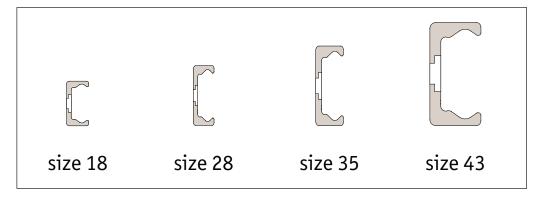


## **Compact Rail**

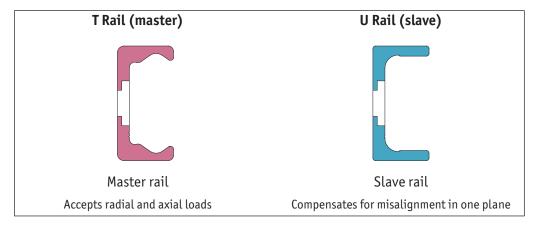
**Overview** 



#### Rail sizes



#### Rail types



#### Sliders

ompact Rail from Automotion Components

### Solid body, front mount - Type CL

Solid steel, zinc plated body with removable end wipers side seals, fixing in top face

#### Solid body, front mount - Type CS

Narrow body, solid steel zinc plated with removable end wipers no side seals, fixing on top face

#### Solid body, side mount - Type CR

Solid steel, zinc plated body with removable end wipers side seals, fixing in side of body





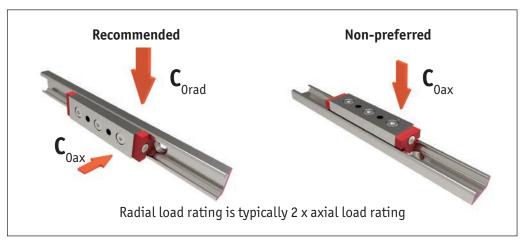
Set-up

mpact Rail from Automotion Component



#### Orientation of rails

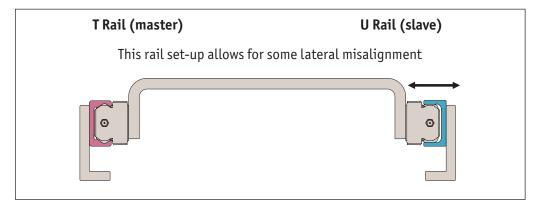
The radial load that the sliders can take is significantly higher than the axial load, so where possible the rails should be set up with the sliders taking the loads in this plane.



One of the key benefits of the compact rail system is that it compensates for misalignment in the structure. This often results in a major cost saving when compared to the use of other guideways which have to be very accurately installed.

The compact rail system achieves this by using a master (T type) rail, and a slave (U type) rail. This allows the slides in the Trail to remain fixed in place but allows lateral movement of the sliders in the U rail to adapt to any misalignment and avoid any issues of stiction.

U rails have flat, parallel raceways that allow free lateral movement of the sliders. The maximum lateral movement for each size is shown in later tables.



#### Using flat rails

It is acceptable (but not the preferred method), to use rails as below but the alignment accuracy needed is slightly greater and in this set-up only T type rails can be used.

In this case the axial load figure C<sub>Oax</sub> should be used in any calculations (which is considerably less than the radial load figure C<sub>Orad</sub>).

